INSTALLATION & MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS
FOR AGM TANK VENT DRYERS

Description

Tank Desiccant Breathers, also known as Tank Vent Dryers, prevent contamination and corrosion of chemical products in industrial storage tanks. They also protect valuable fluids, semi-solids and powders from the damaging effects of water vapor. AGM’s reusable Tank Desiccant Breathers provide inexpensive and constant protection.

Products include:
Wall Mounted Tank Desiccant Breathers (smaller models) and Floor Mounted Tank Desiccant Breathers (larger models)

Installation

Tank Vent Dryers should be positioned out of direct sunlight and on the coolest side of the tank. This is necessary because higher temperatures cause a loss of adsorption capacity, thus reducing the efficiency of the silica gel desiccant.

Floor-mounted models should be positioned such that the atmosphere air intake under the dryer cannot be blocked with debris of any kind.

There are certain circumstances where a dryer is fitted to a tank that contains harmful vapors. In such a case, it will be necessary to pipe the exhaust from the dryer through a contaminant removal filter before allowing the gas to vent to atmosphere.

To install a standard Tank Vent Dryer where there are no harmful vapors:

1. Depending upon the size, mount the unit either on a wall adjacent to the tank or on the ground nearby.

2. Remove the sealing plug from the threaded connector on the top of the dryer and the self-adhesive metal foil barrier from the base.

CAUTION: It is particularly important that the metal foil self-adhesive barrier is removed from the base of the unit before putting the unit into operation.

3. Connect the unit to the inlet vent of the tank using flexible water vapor proof tubing or steel piping.

CAUTION: Should the replenishment rate of the storage vessel exceed the Tank Vent Dryer capacity, an outward only pressure relief valve can be obtained from AGM.

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With the set up now operational, the system will operate for many years, providing the maintenance instructions detailed in the overleaf are followed.

To install a Tank Vent Dryer on a system where harmful vapors or contaminants could be released during the exhaust cycle, the following additional operations are necessary:

1. Remove the exhaust vent cover from the Tank Vent Dryer and fit a suitable sized vapor proof tube over the outlet port to carry the harmful vapors or contaminants away.

2. IMPORTANT: Ensure that the rubber flap valve, or another suitable check valve, is free to close the port when the tank is emptying.

3. Fit three sealing screws in the tapped holes that will become exposed when the exhaust vent cover is removed.

Contact AGM for guidance if a contaminant removal filter is required in the outlet.

**Maintenance**

The only routine maintenance activity required to keep a Tank Vent Dryer in full operating condition is to check the desiccant or contaminant removal charge and change when necessary.

The indicating silica gel changes from blue to pink as it becomes saturated with water vapor.

The condition of the desiccant may be viewed through the shatterproof, polycarbonate plastic sight window.

When the bottom two thirds of the silica gel desiccant has changed to pink, the complete charge assembly (desiccant container) should be removed as follows:

1. Loosen the clamping screws or bolts, located under the turned-in lip of the main frame at the top of the unit, until the desiccant container rests on the support guides.

2. Withdraw the complete desiccant container from the guide rails.

3. Either replace the complete sub-assembly with a new unit or empty the saturated charge from the container and dispose the spent desiccant. An emptying and filling point is provided on the desiccant container.

4. Refill the container with fresh, active desiccant, replace the sealing gasket, refit it in the guide rails and tighten the clamping screws or bolts.

Replacement indicating blue silica gel is available from AGM.

** Reactivation**

Provided that only water vapor has been adsorbed, the spent silica gel desiccant can be reactivated. Any other contaminants that may have been adsorbed may be dangerous when
released during reactivation, so it is recommended that the spent desiccant be replaced if there is any possibility of contamination.

If reactivation is carried out, great care should be taken to ensure that the complete desiccant charge is heated throughout. The temperature of the reactivation air should be a maximum of 221°F, and all of the desiccant should be heated to this temperature for at least 4 hours.

When the desiccant charge has been completely heated to the required temperature for the specified period, it should be removed from the heat source and placed in a suitable, sealable container to cool. The reactivated desiccant should be kept in a sealed airtight container until required for re-use.

Unless there is a regular demand, the cost of reactivation of the spent desiccant will be high compared with that of new desiccant, and it is therefore recommended that a new desiccant charge be used.

Molecular sieve desiccant, if used, cannot be reactivated under the same conditions and should always be replaced.

### REPLACEMENT DESICCANT CHARGE DATA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODEL</th>
<th>WEIGHT OF DESICCANT</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>705</td>
<td>3.1 lbs.</td>
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<tr>
<td>710</td>
<td>12.3 lbs.</td>
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<tr>
<td>715</td>
<td>27.6 lbs.</td>
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<tr>
<td>720</td>
<td>49.4 lbs.</td>
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<tr>
<td>730</td>
<td>110.2 lbs.</td>
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